# **BOTANY (HONOURS)**

## **SEMESTER-I**

## C-I: MICROBIOLOGY & PHYCOLOGY

(Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Introduction to microbial world, microbial nutrition, growth and metabolism. (2 lectures) Unit-II

Bacteria: Discovery, general characteristics, types-archaebacteria, eubacteria, wall-less forms(mycoplasma and spheroplasts), cell structure, nutritional types, reproduction-vegetative, asexual and recombina-tion (conjugation, transformation and transduction). Economic importance of bacteria with reference to their role in agriculture and industry (fermentation and medicine). (5 lectures) Unit-III

Algae:- General characteristics; Ecology and distribution; range of thallus organization; Cell structure and components; cell wall, pigment system, reserve food (of only groups represented in the syllabus), agella; and methods of reproduction, classi cation; criteria, system of Fritsch, and evolutionary classi cation of Lee (only upto groups); signi cant contributions of important phycologists (F.E. Fritsch, G.M. Smith, R.N. Singh, T.V. Desikachary, H.D. Kumar, M.O.P. Iyengar). Role of algae in the environment, agriculture, biotechnology and industry. (6 lectures) Unit-IV

Cyanophyta:- Ecology and occurrence, range of thallus organization, cell structure, heterocyst, re-production.economic importance; role in biotechnology. Morphology and life-cycle of Nostoc.(5 lectures)

Chlorophyta:- General characteristics, occurrence, range of thallus organization, cell structure and reproduction. Morphology and life-cycles of Chlamydomonas, Volvox, Oedogonium, Coleochaete. Evolutionary signi cance of Prochloron.(5 lectures) Unit-V

Charophyta:- General characteristics; occurrence, morphology, cell structure and life-cycle of Chara; evolutionary signi cance.(2 lectures)

Xanthophyta:- General characteristics; range of thallus organization; Occurrence, morphology and life-cycle of Vaucheria.(3 lectures)

Phaeophyta:- Characteristics, occurrence, range of thallus organization, cell structure and reproduc-tion. Morphology and life-cycles of Ectocarpus and Fucus.(3 lectures)

Rhodophyta:- General characteristics, occurrence, range of thallus organization, cell structure and reproduction. Morphology and life-cycle of Polysiphonia.(4 lectures)

### C-2: BIOMOLECULES & CELL BIOLOGY

(Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Biomolecules: Types and signi cance of chemical bonds; Structure and properties of water; pH and bu ers.(2 lectures)

Carbohydrates: Nomenclature and classi cation; Role of monosaccharides (glucose, fructose, sugar alcohols mannitol and sorbitol); Disaccharides (sucrose, maltose, lactose), Oligosaccharides and polysaccharides (structural-cellulose, hemicelluloses, pectin, chitin, mucilage; storage, starch, in-sulin) (3 lectures)

Lipids: Definition and major classes of storage and structural lipids. Storage lipids. Fatty acids structure and functions. Essential fatty acids. Triacyl glycerols structure, functions and properties. (2 lectures)

Proteins: Structure of amino acids; Peptide bonds; Levels of protein structure-primary, secondary, tertiary and quarternary; Isoelectric point; Protein denaturation and biological roles of proteins. (2 lectures)

Nucleic acids: Structure of nitrogenous bases; Structure and function of nucleotides; Types of nucleic acids; Structure of A, B, Z types of DNA; Types of RNA; Structure of tRNA. (4 lectures) Unit-II

Bioenergenetics: Laws of thermodynamics, concept of free energy, endergonic and exergonic reac-tions, coupled reactions, redox reactions. ATP: structure, its role as a energy currency molecule. (3 lectures)

Enzymes: Structure of enzyme: holoenzyme, apoenzyme, cofactors, coenzymes and prosthetic group; Classi cation of enzymes; Features of active site, substrate speci city, mechanism of action (activation energy, lock and key hypothesis, induced - t theroy), Michaelis Menten equation, en-zyme inhibition and factors a ecting enzyme activity. (4 lectures) Unit-III

The cell: Cell as a unit of structure and function; Characteristics of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells; Origin of eukaryotic cell (Endosymbiotic theory). (2 lectures)

Cell wall and plasma membrane: Chemistry, structure and function of Plant Cell Wall. Overview of membrane function; uid mosaic model; Chemical composition of membranes; Membrane transport Passive, active and facilitated transport, endocytosis and exocytosis. (3 lectures) Unit-IV

Cell organelles: Nucleus; Structure-nuclear envelope, nuclear pore complex, nuclear lamina, molec-ular organization of chromatin; nucleolus. (3 lectures)

Cytoskeleton: Role and structure of microtubules, micro laments and intermediary lament. (2 lectures)

Chloroplast, mitochondria and peroxisomes: Structural organization; Function; Semiautonomous nature of mitochondria and chloroplast. (2 lectures)

Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Lysosomes (2 lectures)

Unit-V

Cell division: Eukaryotic cell cycle, di erent stages of mitosis and meiosis. Cell cycle, Regulation of cell cycle. (6 lectures)

#### SEMESTER-II C-3: MYCOLOGY & PHYTOPATHOLOGY

#### (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Introduction to true fungi: De nition, General characteristics; A nities with plants and ani-mals; Thallus organization; Cellwall composition; Nutrition; Classi cation.

Chytridiomycetes: General account (5 lectures)

Zygomycota: General characteristics; Ecology; Thallus organisation; Life cycle with reference to Rhizopus. (4 lectures)

Ascomycota: General characteristics (asexual and sexual fruiting bodies); Ecology; Life cycle, Heterokaryosis and parasexuality; life cycle and classi cation with reference to Saccharomyces, As-pergillus, Penicillium, Alternaria and Neurospora, Peziza. (5 lectures)

Unit-II

Basidiomycota: General characteristics; Ecology; Life cycle and Classi cation with reference to black stem rust on wheat Puccinia (Physiological Specialization), loose and covered smut (symp-toms only), Agaricus; Bioluminescence, Fairy Rings and Mushroom Cultivation. (5 lectures)

Allied Fungi: General characterises; Status of Slime molds, Classi cation; Occurrence; Types of plasmodia; Types of fruiting bodies. (3 lectures)

Oomycota: General characteristic; Ecology; Life cycle and classi cation with reference to Phytophthora, Albugo. (4 lectures)

Unit-III

Symbiotic associations: Lichen Occurrence; General characteristics; Growth forms and range of thallus organization; Nature of associations of algal and fungal partners; Reproduction.Mycorrhiza-Ectomycorrhiza, Endomycorrhiza and their signi cance. (4 lectures)

Unit-IV

Applied Mycology: Role of fungi in biotechnology, Application of fungi in food industry (Flavour & texture, Fermentation, Baking, Organic acids, Enzymes, Mycoproteins); Secondary metabolites (Pharmaceutical preparations); Agriculture (Biofertilizers); Mycotoxins; Biological control (Myco-fungicides, Mycoherbicides, Mycoinsecticides, Myconematicides); Medical mycology. (5 Lectures) Unit-V

Phytopathology: Terms and concepts; General symptoms; Geographical distribution of diseases; etiology; symptomology; Host- Pathogen relationships; disease cycle and environmental relation; pre-vention and control of plant diseases, and role of quarantine. Bacterial diseases Citrus canker and angular leaf spot disease of Cotton. Viral diseases Tobacco Mosaic viruses, vein clearing. Fungal diseases Early blight of potato, Black stem rust of wheat, white rust of crucifers. (5 lectures)

## C-4: ARCHEGONIATE

## (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Introduction: Unifying features of archegoniates; Transition to land habit; Alternation of generations. (2 lectures)

Unit-II

Bryophytes: General characteristics; Adaptations to land habit; Classi cation; Range of thallus organization.Classi cation (up to family).Riccia, Marchantia, Pellia, Porella, Anthoceros, Sphagnum and Funaria; Reproduction and evolutionary trends in Riccia, Marchantia , Anthoceros and Funaria (developmental stages not included). Ecological and economic importance of bryophytes with spe-cial reference to Sphagnum. (12 lectures)

Unit-III

Pteridophytes: General characteristics, classi cation. Classi cation (up to family), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Psilotum, Selaginella, Equisetum and Pteris.(Developmental details not to be included).Apogamy, and apospory, heterospory andseed habit, telome theory, stelar evolution.Ecological and economic importance. (10 lectures) Unit-IV

Gymnosperms: General characteristics, classi cation (up to family), morphology, anatomy and reproduction of Cycas, Pinus, Ginkgo and Gnetum. (Developmental details not to be included). Ecological and economic importance. (8 lectures)

Unit-V

Fossils: Geographical time scale, fossils and fossilization process. Morphology, anatomy and a nities of Rhynia, Calamites, Lepidodendron, Lyginopteris and Cycadeoidea. (8 lectures)

#### SEMESTER-III

#### C-5: ANATOMY OF ANGIOSPERMS

#### (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Introduction and scope of Plant Anatomy: Applications in systematics, forensics and pharmacognosy. (2 Lectures)

Tissues: Classi cation of tissues; Simple and complex tissues (no phylogeny); cytodi erentiation of tracheary elements and sieve elements;Pits and plasmodesmata; Wall ingrowths and transfer cells, adcrustation and incrustation,Ergastic substances. (5 Lectures)

Unit-II

Stem: Organization of shoot apex (Apical cell theory, Histogen theory, Tunica Corpus theory, contin-uing meristematic residue, cytohistological zonation); Types of vascular bundles; Structure of dicot and monocot stem. (5 Lectures)

Leaf: Structure of dicot and monocot leaf, Kranz anatomy. (4 Lectures)

Root: Organization of root apex (Apical cell theory, Histogen theory, Korper-Kappe theory); Quiescentcentre; Root cap; Structure of dicot and monocot root; Endodermis, exodermis and origin of lateral root. (4 Lectures)

Unit-III

Vascular Cambium: Structure, function and seasonal activity of cambium; Secondary growth in root and stem. (4 Lectures)

Wood: Axially and radially oriented elements; Types of rays and axial parenchyma; Cyclic aspects and reaction wood; Sapwood and heartwood; Ring and di use porous wood; Early and late wood,tyloses; Dendrochronology. (5 Lectures)

Periderm: Development and composition of periderm, rhytidome and lenticels. (3 Lectures) Unit-IV

Adaptive and Protective Systems Epidermal tissue system, cuticle, epicuticular waxes, trichomes(uni-and multicellular, glandular and nonglandular, two examples of each), stomata (classi cation); Ad-crustation and incrustation; Anatomical adaptations of xerophytes and hydrophytes. (5 Lectures)

Unit-V

Secretory System: Hydathodes, cavities, lithocysts and laticifers. (3 Lectures)

#### C-6: ECONOMIC BOTANY

(Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Origin of Cultivated Plants: Concept of Centres of Origin, their importance with reference to Vav-ilovs work. Examples of major plant introductions; Crop domestication and loss of genetic diversity; evolution of new crops/varieties, importance of germplasm diversty. (3 Lectures) Unit-II

Cereals : Wheat and Rice (origin, morphology, processing & uses), brief account of millets. (3 lectures)

Legumes: General account, importance to man and ecosystem. (3 Lectures)

Sugars & Starches: Morphology and processing of sugarcane, products and by-products of sugarcane industry. Potato morphology, propagation & uses. (3 lectures) Unit-III

Spices:Listing of important spices, their family and part used, economic importance with special reference to fennel, sa ron, clove and black pepper (4 Lectures)

Beverages: Tea, Co ee (morphology, processing & uses)(4 lectures) Drug-yielding plants: Thera-peutic and habit-forming drugs with special reference to Cinchona, Digitalis, Papaver and Cannabis. (4 Lectures)

Tobacco: Tobacco (Morphology, processing, uses and health hazards) (2 Lectures) Unit-IV

Oils & Fats: General description, classi cation, extraction, their uses and health implications ground-nut, coconut, linseed and Brassica and Coconut (Botanical name, family & uses) (4 lectures) Essential Oils: General account, extraction methods,

comparison with fatty oils & their uses. (4 Lectures)

Unit-V

Natural Rubber: Para-rubber: tapping, processing and uses. (2 Lectures)

Timber plants: General account with special reference to teak and pine. (2 Lectures)

Fibres: Classi cation based on the origin of bres, Cotton and Jute (morphology, extraction and uses). (2 Lectures)

## C-7: GENETICS-(Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

#### Unit-I

Mendelian genetics and its extension Mendelism: History; Principles of inheritance; Chromosome theory of inheritance; Autosomes and sex chromosomes; Probability and pedigree analysis; Incomplete dominance and codominance; Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, Recessive and Dominant traits, Penetrance and Expressivity, Numericals; Polygenic inheritance. (16 lectures) Unit-II

Extrachromosomal Inheritance: Chloroplast mutation: Variegation in Four oclock plant; Mitochon-drial mutations in yeast; Maternal e ects-shell coiling in snail; Infective heredity-Kappa particles in Paramecium. (6 lectures)

Unit-III

Linkage, crossing over and chromosome mapping: Linkage and crossing over-Cytological basis of crossing over; Recombination frequency, two factor and three factor crosses; Interference and coin-cidence; Numericals based on gene mapping; Sex Linkage. (12 lectures)

#### Unit-IV

Variation in chromosome number and structure: Deletion, Duplication, Inversion, Translocation, Position e ect, Euploidy and Aneuploidy (8 lectures)

Gene mutations: Types of mutations; Molecular basis of Mutations; Mutagens physical and chem-ical (Base analogs, deaminating, alkylating and intercalating agents); Detection of mutations: CIB method. Role of Transposons in mutation.DNA repair mechanisms. (6 lectures) Unit-V

Fine structure of gene: Classical vs molecular concepts of gene; Cis-Trans complementation test for functional allelism; Structure of Phage T4, rll Locus. (6 lectures) Population and Evolutionary Genetics: Allele frequencies, Genotype frequencies, Hardy-Weinberg Law, role of natural selection, mutation, genetic drift. Genetic variation and Speciation. (6 lectures)

## SEMESTER-IV

## C-8: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

(Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Nucleic acids : Carriers of genetic information: Historical perspective; DNA as the carrier of genetic information (Gri ths, Hershey & Chase, Avery, McLeod & McCarty, Fraenkel-Conrats experiment. (4 lectures)

Unit-II

The Structures of DNA and RNA / Genetic Material: DNA Structure: Miescher to Watson and Crick- historic perspective, DNA structure, Salient features of double helix, Types of DNA, Types of genetic material, denaturation and renaturation, cot curves; Organization of DNAProkaryotes, Viruses, Eukaryotes. RNA Structure- Organelle DNA - mitochondria and chloroplast DNA.The Nu-cleosome -Chromatin structure- Euchromatin, Heterochromatin-Constitutive and Facultative hete-rochromatin. (8 lectures)

The replication of DNA: Chemistry of DNA synthesis (Kornbergs discovery); General principles bidirectional, semi-conservative and semi discontinuous replication, RNA priming; Various models of DNA replication, including rolling circle, (theta) mode of replication, replication of linear ds-DNA, replication of the 5end of linear chromosome; Enzymes involved in DNA replication. (6 lectures) Unit-III

Central dogma and genetic code: Key experiments establishing-The Central Dogma (Adaptor hy-pothesis and discovery of mRNAtemplate), Genetic code (deciphering & salient features) (2 lectures) Mechanism of Transcription: Transcription in prokaryotes; Transcription in eukaryotes (4 lectures) Processing and modi cation of RNA: Split genes-concept of introns and exons, removal of introns, spliceosome machinery, splicing pathways, group I & group II intron splicing, alternative splicing eu-karyotic mRNA processing(5 cap, 3 polyA tail); Ribozymes, exon shu ing; RNA editing and mRNA transport. (5 lectures)

Translation (Prokaryotes and eukaryotes): Ribosome structure and assembly, mRNA; Charging of tRNA, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases; Various steps in protein synthesis, proteins involved in initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptides; Fidelity of translation; Inhibitors of protein synthesis; Post-translational modi cations of proteins. (6 lectures) Unit-V

Regulation of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: Principles of transcriptional regulation; Prokaryotes: Regulation of lactose metabolism and tryptophan synthesis in E.coli. Eukaryotes: transcription factors, heat shock proteins, steroids and peptide hormones; Gene silencing. (5 lectures)

## C-9: PLANT ECOLOGY & PHYTOGEOGRAPHY

## (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Introduction Concept of ecology, Autoecology, Synecology, system ecology, Levels of organization. Inter-relationships between the living world and the environment, the components of environmental, concept of hydrosphere and lithospgere and dynamism, homeostasis. (2 lectures) Unit-II

Soil: Importance; Origin; Formation; Composition; Physical; Chemical and Biological components; Soil pro le; Role of climate in soil development. (5 lectures)

Water: Importance: States of water in the environment; Atmospheric moisture; Precipitation types (rain, fog, snow, hail, dew); Hydrological Cycle; Water in soil; Water table. (2 lectures) Light, temperature, wind and re: Variations; adaptations of plants to their variation. (4 lectures) Unit-III

Biotic interactions: 2 lectures Population ecology: Characteristics and Dynamics .Ecological Specia-tion 4 lectures Plant communities: Concept of ecological amplitude; Habitat and niche; Characters: analytical and synthetic; Ecotone and edge e ect; Dynamics: succession processes, types; climax concepts. (4 lectures)

Unit-IV

Ecological pyramids. (4 lectures)

Functional aspects of ecosystem: Principles and models of energy ow; Production and productiv-ity; Ecological e ciencies; Biogeochemical cycles; Cycling of Carbon, Nitrogen and Phosphorus. (5 lectures)

Unit-V

Phytogeography: Principles; Continental drift; Theory of tolerance; Endemism; Brief description of major terrestrial biomes (one each from tropical, temperate & tundra); Phytogeographical division of India; Local Vegetation. (8 lectures)

## C-10: PLANT SYSTEMATICS (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Plant identi cation, Classi cation, Nomenclature; Biosystematics. (2 lectures)

Identi cation: Field inventory; Functions of Herbarium; Important herbaria and botanical gardens of the world and India; Virtual herbarium; E- ora; Documentation: Flora, Monographs, Journals; Keys: Single access and Multi-access. (5 lectures) Unit-II

Taxonomic hierarchy: Concept of taxa (family, genus, species); Categories and taxonomic hierarchy; Species concept (taxonomic, biological, evolutionary). (5 lectures)

Botanical nomenclature: Principles and rules (ICN); Ranks and names; Typi cation, author citation, valid publication, rejection of names, principle of priority and its limitations; Names of hybrids. (5 lectures)

Unit-III

Systematics-an interdisciplinary science: Evidence from palynology, cytology, phytochemistry and molecular data. (6 lectures)

Systems of classi cation: Major contributions of Theophrastus, Bauhin, Tournefort, Linnaeus, Adan-son, de Candolle, Bessey, Hutchinson, Takhtajan and Cronquist; Classi cation systems of Bentham and Hooker (upto series) and Engler and Prantl (upto series); Brief reference of Angiosperm Phy-logeny Group (APG III) classi cation. (6 lectures) Unit-IV

Biometrics, numerical taxonomy and cladistics: Characters; Variations; OTUs, character weighting and coding; cluster analysis; Phenograms, cladograms (de nitions and di erences). (4 lectures) Unit-V

Phylogeny of Angiosperms: Terms and concepts (primitive and advanced, homology and analogy, parallelism and convergence, monophyly, Paraphyly, polyphyly and clades).origin & evolution of an-giosperms; coevolution of angiosperms and animals; methods of illustrating evolutionary relationship (phylogenetic tree, cladogram). (7 lectures)

# SEMESTER-V

# C-11: REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY OF ANGIOSPERMS

(Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Introduction: History (contributions of G.B. Amici, W. Hofmeister, E. Strasburger, S.G. Nawaschin, P. Maheshwari, B.M. Johri, W.A. Jensen, J. Heslop-Harrison) and scope. (2 lectures)

Unit-II

Anther: Anther wall: Structure and functions, microsporogenesis, callose deposition and its signi - cance. (2 lectures)

Pollen biology: Microgametogenesis; Pollen wall structure, MGU (male germ unit) structure, NPC system; Palynology and scope (a brief account); Pollen wall proteins; Pollen viability, storage and germination; Abnormal features: Pseudomonads, polyads, massulae, pollinia. (5 lectures)

Unit-III

Ovule: Structure; Types; Special structuresendothelium, obturator, aril, caruncle and hypostase; Female gametophyte megasporogenesis (monosporic, bisporic and tetrasporic) and megagameto-genesis (details of Polygonum type); Organization and ultrastructure of mature embryo sac. (5 lectures)

Endosperm: Types, development, structure and functions.(3 lectures)

Embryo: Six types of embryogeny; General pattern of development of dicot and monocot embryo; Suspensor: structure and functions; Embryoendosperm relationship; Nutrition of embryo;Unusual features; Embryo development in Paeonia. (6 lectures) Unit-IV

Pollination and fertilization: Pollination types and signi cance; adaptations; structure of stigma and style; path of pollen tube in pistil; double fertilization. (4 lectures)

Self incompatibility: Basic concepts (interspeci c, intraspeci c, homomorphic, heteromorphic, GSI and SSI); Methods to overcome sel ncompatibility: mixed pollination, bud pollination, stub polli-nation; Intraovarian and in vitro pollination; Modi cation of stigma surface, parasexual hybridiza-tion;Cybrids, in vitro fertilization. (5 lectures)

Unit-V

Seed: Structure, importance and dispersal mechanisms (3 lectures)

Polyembryony and apomixes: Introduction; Classi cation; Causes and applications. (4 lectures) Germline transformation: Pollen grain and ovules through pollen tube pathway method/ Agrobac-terium/ electrofusion/ oral dip/biolistic. (4 lectures)

## C-12: PLANT PHYSIOLOGY (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Plant water relationship:Water Potential and its components, water absorption by roots, aquaporins, pathway of water movement, symplast, apoplast, transmembrane pathways, root pressure, guttation. Ascent of sap cohesion-tension theory.Transpiration and factors a ecting transpiration, antitranspi-rants, mechanism of stomatal movement. (6 lectures)

Translocation in the phloem:Experimental evidence in support of phloem as the site of sugar translocation. PressureFlow Model; Phloem loading and unloading; Sourcesink relationship. (5 lectures) Unit-II

Mineral nutrition: Essential and bene cial elements, macro and micronutrients, methods of study and use of nutrient solutions, criteria for essentiality, mineral de ciency symptoms, roles of essential elements, chelating agents. (5 lectures)

Unit-III

Nutrient Uptake: Soil as a nutrient reservoir, transport of ions across cell membrane, passive absorption, electrochemical gradient, facilitated di usion, active absorption, role of ATP, carrier systems,proton ATPase pump and ion ux, uniport, co-transport, symport, antiport. (5 lectures) Unit-IV

Plant growth regulators: Discovery, chemical nature (basic structure), bioassay and physiological roles of Auxin, Gibberellins, Cytokinin, Abscisic acid, Ethylene.Brassinosteroids and Jasmonic acid. (10 lectures) Unit-V

Physiology of owering: Photoperiodism, owering stimulus, origen concept, vernalization, seed dormancy. (4 lectures)

Phytochrome: Discovery, chemical nature, role of phytochrome in photomorphogenesis, low energy responses (LER) and high irradiance responses (HIR), mode of action. (5 lectures)

## SEMESTER-VI

## C-13: PLANT METABOLISM (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Concept of metabolism: Introduction, anabolic and catabolic pathways, regulation of metabolism, role of regulatory enzymes (allosteric ,covalent modulation and Isozymes). (5 lectures) Carbohydrate metabolism: Synthesis and catabolism of sucrose and starch. (1 lectures) Unit-II

Carbon assimilation: Historical background, photosynthetic pigments, role of photosynthetic pig-ments (chlorophylls and accessory pigments), antenna molecules and reaction centres, photochemical reactions, photosynthetic electron transport, PSI, PSII, Q cycle, CO<sub>2</sub> reduction, photorespiration, C4 pathways; Crassulacean acid metabolism; Factors a ecting CO2 reduction. (10 lectures) Unit-III

Carbon Oxidation: Glycolysis, fate of pyruvate, regulation of glycolysis, oxidative pentose phosphate pathway, oxidative decarboxylation of pyruvate, regulation of PDH, NADH shuttle; TCA cycle,amphibolic role, anaplerotic reactions, regulation of the cycle, mitochondrial electron transport, oxidative phosphorylation, cyanideresistant respiration, factors a ecting respiration. (6 lectures)

ATP-Synthesis: Mechanism of ATP synthesis, substrate level phosphorylation, chemiosmotic mech-anism (oxidative and photophosphorylation), ATP synthase, Boyers conformational model, Rackers experiment, Jagendorfs experiment; role of uncouplers. (4 lectures) Unit-IV

Lipid metabolism: Synthesis and breakdown of triglycerides, -oxidation, glyoxylate cycle, gluconeogenesis and its role in mobilisation of lipids during seed germination, oxidation. (5 lectures) Unit-V

Nitrogen metabolism: Nitrate assimilation, biological nitrogen xation (examples of legumes and non-legumes); Physiology and biochemistry of nitrogen xation; Ammonia assimilation and transam-ination. (5 lectures)

Mechanisms of signal transduction: Calcium, phospholipids, cGMP, NO. (4 lectures)

## C-14: PLANT BIO-TECHNOLOGY (Credits-6: Theory-4, Practical-2)-Max. Marks: 100 THEORY (Each class 1 hr.): Marks-70 PRACTICAL (Each class 2 hrs.): Marks-30 Lectures: 60 (40 Theory + 20 Practical classes)

Unit-I

Plant Tissue Culture: Historical perspective; Aseptic tissueculture techniques, Composition of media; Nutrient and hormone requirements (role of vitamins and hormones). (3 lectures)

Unit-II

Totipotency; Organogenesis; Embryogenesis (somatic and zygotic); Protoplast isolation, culture and fusion; Tissue culture applications (micropropagation, androgenesis, virus elimination, secondary metabolite production, haploids, triploids and hybrids; Cryopreservation; Germplasm Conservation). (7 lectures) Unit-III

Recombinant DNA technology-I: Restriction Endonucleases (History, Types I-IV, biological role and application); Restriction Mapping (Linear and Circular); Cloning Vectors: Prokaryotic (pUC 18 and pUC19, pBR322, Ti plasmid, BAC); Lambda phage, M13 phagemid, Cosmid, Shuttle vector; Eukaryotic Vectors (YAC and brie y PAC, MAC, HAC).Gene Cloning (Recombinant DNA, Bacterial Transformation and selection of recombinant clones, PCR-mediated gene cloning). (10 lectures)

Unit-IV

Recombinant DNA technology-II: Gene Construct; construction of genomic and cDNA libraries, screening DNA libraries to obtain geneof interest by genetic selection; complementation, colony hybridization; Probes-oligonucleotide, heterologous, PCR; Methods of gene transfer- Agrobacterium-mediated, Direct gene transfer by Electroporation, Microinjection, Microprojectile bombardment; Selection of transgenics selectable marker and reporter genes (Luciferase, GUS, GFP). (10 lectures) Unit-V

Applications of Biotechnology: Pest resistant (Bt-cotton); herbicide resistant plants (RoundUp Ready soybean); Transgenic crops with improved quality traits (Flavr Savr tomato, Golden rice); Improved horticultural varieties (Moondust carnations); Role of transgenics in bioremediation (Su-perbug); edible vaccines; Industrial enzymes (Aspergillase, Protease, Lipase); Gentically Engineered ProductsHuman Growth Hormone; Humulin; Biosafety concerns. (10 lectures)